Investigating the effect of strategic and Szytematic management on development of social and cultural security

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Abstract: According to that analysis, injuries and malformations and evaluate the social and cultural issues from the perspective of strategic management and system is one of the topics of interest to scholars and social sciences. In this article, scientists have sought the views of management systems, like “Churchman” and “Ackoff” and other theoreticians and theories of social science theorists have taken sufficient interest. Designing and Identification of strategic management system in line with social security in the context of social and cultural needs. Generally, the concept of strategic management and system with the purpose of enhancing the cultural and social security should be analyzed that prospect of a system with respect to analytical paradigms and cultural differences and social aspirations of their communities and the analysis. The purpose of this study was to define the importance of evaluating the impact and benefits of strategic management and system variables and the various stages and how social evaluation is discussed. In line with these objectives, we reviewed the documents and the survey has been conducted that the results of this study indicate that among the variables that influence the development of cultural and social security that strategic management is the most effective variable therefore discussed the issue with the macro perspective and divergent.

Keywords: social security, cultural security, strategic management , strategic management and system

INTRODUCTION
Importance and effect of management on development of social and cultural security has been known from past time. Greek Philosophers such as Socrates and Plato have introduced interesting discussions about managing and the way of managing. Recent researches have also tried to demystify in this field and have studied management knowledge separately and have put into consideration its effect on competitive strategy, despite the importance of physical, organizational and human capital. Because of the nature of management knowledge it is necessary to separate it from other knowledges. According to the findings from scientific researches, management and management knowledge have been recognized as the most important strategic source of organization and the cause of collective success and forms the foundation of today’s completion which is based on organization’s capabilities. This importance is because of environmental changes, which makes it necessary to choose the value-creating strategy. “Systemic management” theory introduces the creation and usage of management knowledge as the reasons for the existence of system and claims that management is the most important resource of enterprise in achievement of permanent competitive advantage. On this basis, it considers the process of conducting knowledge as the most program of management team in organization. This theory emphasizes on growth strategies and focuses on abilities that coordinate and combine effectively the resources of knowledge with the purpose of creating value. Reinmoeller (2014, p14) and Kogut and Zander (2014, p187) from pioneers of this theory explain that the main point in systemic management theory is that the main competitive aspect – thing that firms and organizations must know how to do is effective creation and transference of knowledge about organization affairs in it. With emergence of systemic management theory, several theories were suggested in the context of creating management knowledge and sharing it; this study was carried out based on strategic and systemic management theory with the purpose of developing social and cultural security; according to this theory, systemic management knowledge is a product of interaction between